


THEN



In 1881 the average number of inhabitants per home in the Territories was 11.1, compared with 5.4 in Ontario. (1891)

In 1941 only approximately 45% of Canadian homes were equipped with a bath or shower. Just over 69% were equipped with electric lighting. (1956)

In 1921 over 72 p.c. of homes built in Canada were made of wood; however, the percentage had been even higher in 1891, at over 80 p.c. (1927-28)

Under Royal  **Patronage.**

THE "WAVERLY HOUSE,"
78 KING STREET,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

This House has been patronized by
H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, H. R. H. PRINCE
ALFRED, H. R. H. PRINCE ARTHUR,

By all the British American Governors, and by the
English Nobility and Gentry, as well as by
the most distinguished

Americans, Provincial Gentry and others

Whom business or pleasure may have brought to Saint John,
WHO HAVE JOINED IN PRONOUNCING IT

THE FAVOURITE HOUSE OF THE PROVINCES.

The Proprietor thankful for past favors, would respectfully intimate to the travelling Public that he will spare no pains or expense to render the House still further deserving their patronage.

EVERY ATTENTION PAID TO THE COMFORT OF GUESTS.

JOHN GUTHRIE, Proprietor.

NOW

1986 was the busiest year for residential construction in Canada since 1978, with dwelling starts totalling 199,785 units, up 20% since 1985.

Price increases for houses, in 1986, were largest in Toronto (16.6%) and in Kitchener (14.5%). House prices rose the least in British Columbia, up 0.5% in Vancouver and dropping 5.1% in Victoria.

Support for the new and existing subsidized housing units resulted in expenditures of \$1,145.4 million in 1986. The existing portfolio now under administration totals 543,300 units.

In 1986, piped gas was used as the principal heating fuel in 45.0% of homes, electricity in 28.3% and oil in 20.1%. Oil, predominant during the 1970s, was surpassed by gas in 1980 and subsequently by electricity in 1985.